# Application for a Notice to Conduct Activity in a Protected Area near a Municipal Water Supply



Date Issued:



## Standard Application Criteria - Part A

The purpose of this application is to ensure municipal drinking water supplies are protected. This application is required when an activity is proposed in an area that is protected under an approved source protection plan. This application form helps fulfil the requirements for the Risk Management Official (RMO) to evaluate proposals related to restricted land uses in approved source protection plans and Section 59 of the Clean Water Act, 2006. Should you have any questions or concerns, or require this information in an accessible format please contact the Risk Management Official at Kawartha Conservation.

Risk Management Official 705-328-2271 Kawartha Conservation 277 Kenrei Road Lindsay, ON K9V 4R1

We require the following information to help ensure a timely response to proposed planning and building permit applications. The information listed below will be required for all applications for notices. Please note that a notice is required from the RMO prior to the submission of a planning application. A notice will be required before a building permit is issued by the municipality. A risk management plan to address a potential impact of an activity on a drinking water system may be required before a notice is issued. The submission of additional information may be necessary.

<ul> <li>Complete copy of deed and registered pla</li> </ul>		Complete of	opv of d	eed and re	eaistered	plan
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- D Location map showing nearest intersections
- ☐ Signed letter of authorization from owner to applicant (if applicable)
- ☐ Statement of agreement from any persons sharing right-of-ways, easements, etc. (if applicable)
- □ Detailed letter/report describing the proposal
- Location map showing proposed activity on property including existing structures
- □ Application Fee (as applicable)

For Office Use Only

Application number:			Notice no	umber (if different):		
Date received:			Reviewe	d by:		
Please fill out the following i	nformation:					
A. Property information						
Building number, street name					Unit number	Lot/con.
Town, Municipality		Postal code			Roll #/Plan #/	other description
<b>B. Applicant</b> Ap	plicant is:	Owner or	0	Authorized agent of	owner	
Last name		First name		Corporation or partne	rship	
Street address					Unit number	Lot/con.
Town, Municipality		Postal code		Province	E-mail	
Mailing Address	above					

Telephone number Fax Cell number										
( )		(		)				( )		
C. Owner		Same as above			10					
Last name		F	First na	ame	Corpor	ation	or partners	ship		
Street address		•			·			Unit numb	oer	Lot/con.
Town, Municipality		F	Postal	code	Provinc	е		E-mail		
Mailing Address	ne as	above			<u> </u>					
Telephone number		F (	ax	)				Cell numb	er	
D. Land Use Type										
	ricultu	ıral 🛮 Cor	mmerc	ial 🛛	Industrial					
E. Proposal is for:										
☐ Construction of a new b	ouildin	g or structure								
<ul><li>Alteration, addition to o</li></ul>	r reno	vation of an exist	ing bu	ilding or str	ucture					
<ul><li>Removal of an existing</li></ul>		ng or structure								
<ul> <li>Planning Act application</li> </ul>										
F. Site services (che						ı				
Sanitary connection		Municipal	(	3 Septic s	system		Holding t	ank		
Storm connection		Municipal	(	3 Storm p	ond		Ditch			lump pump
Water service	0	Municipal	ı	☐ Drilled/d	dug well		Shore we	ell	_ C	istern
Heating fuel   Geothermal			(	☐ Fuel oil ☐ Other:						
Other services:										
G. Approvals given	unde	r other legislat	ion							
☐ Renewable Energy Approval										
☐ Permit to Take Water		□ Certificate o	f Appr	oval (C of A	A) / Environme	ntal C	ompliance	Approval:		
Nutrient Management Act Ir	nstrun	nent: D Strate	gy		□ Plan					
Aggregate Resources Act II		nent:   Licene	ce (	□ Wayside	e Permit D /	Aggre	gate Perm	it D Site	Plan	
H. Project Descript Please identify any historic		uses and the prop	osed	project des	cription for the	prop	erty.			

- I. Site Map (See sample site plan and drawings)
- Plans may be hand drawn and labelled.
- Labels should be neat and legible.
- Show an accurately plotted north arrow.
- All straight lines should be drawn using a straight edge.
- Draw plans to scale wherever possible and indicate scale on the plan.
- Show all existing structures, structures to be removed and locations of new structures.
- Provide a Key Plan showing location of property.
- Show plan views, profiles and cross sections of existing and proposed structures.
- Show all existing and proposed activities

Site Map:	

### This application does not relieve the applicant of the obligation to secure any other necessary approvals.

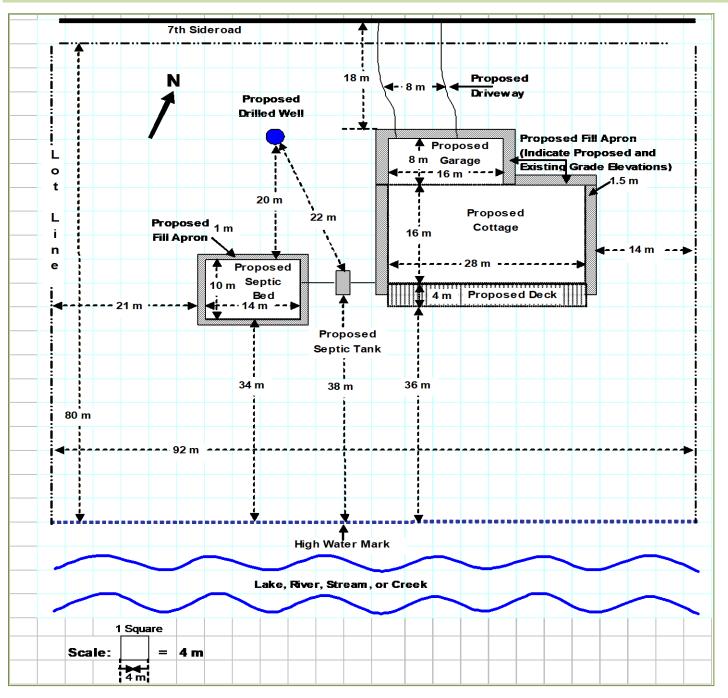
I acknowledge that this application and supporting documents will be considered as public documents and are available upon written request under the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (the Act). I understand that any and all personal information gathered by Kawartha Conservation will be used only for the express purpose(s) of the application for which it has been provided, and will not be divulged to any third party, private or public, without prior written consent, as provided for in the Act."

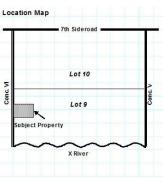
I acknowledge and agree that any Notice issued pursuant to this application may be revoked if it is issued on the basis of false, inaccurate or

Pre-consultation is available upon request and is encouraged for those projects. Details can be found at: <a href="https://www.kawarthaconservation.com">www.kawarthaconservation.com</a>.

An application will be considered complete when the Standard Application Criteria (Part A) plus <u>applicable</u> Detailed Application Criteria-Threat Assessment (Part B) and/or Supporting Technical Requirements & Mitigation Measures (Part C) are submitted for consideration. Applicable supporting technical requirements is as determined by Risk Management Official staff during pre-consultation and/or following submission, to ensure only the information required to make a decision is requested from applicants. Insufficient information may delay the processing of your application.

## Sample Site Plan





# Application for a Notice to Conduct Activity – Application Criteria

## Part A: Standard Application Criteria

Standard Application criteria are identified below. We will require this information to be submitted with the application for notice to confirm the proposal information, property location and contact information. These requirements can be confirmed by KRCA staff upon submission and/or during pre-consultation (formal/informal). We will advise if any additional items are necessary to complete our evaluation and render a decision if applicable (see Part B and Part C).

		Checklist
1.	Complete copy of deed and registered plan	
2.	Location map showing nearest intersections	
3.	Signed letter of authorization from owner to applicant (if applicable)	
4.	Statement of agreement from any persons sharing right-of-ways,	
	easements, etc. (if applicable)	
5.	Detailed letter/report describing the proposal	
6.	Location map showing proposed activity on property including existing structures	
7.	Application Fee	

## <u>Detailed Application Criteria – Threat Assessment (Part B)</u>

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	ee water threat identification se fill out the section related to your land use type and identify all applicable activities related to your p	oroposal.	
Doolds	antial Dramarks		
	ential Property	I I	
i.	Is pesticide applied to property?	☐ Yes	□ No
ii.	Is pesticide stored on property?	☐ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (ii) provide volume:		
iii.	Is road salt applied to property?	□ Yes	□ No
iv.	Is road salt stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (iv) provide volume:		
V.	Is fuel stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (v) provide volume:		
vi.	Are dense non-aqueous phase liquids stored on property? e.g. Paint removers, automobile degreasers, cleaners, adhesives, etc. (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (vi) provide volume:		
vii.	Are organic solvents stored on property? e.g. Acetone, ethanol, toluene, disinfectants (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (vii) provide volume:		
Agricu	ıltural Property:		
i.	Is agricultural source material applied to the property? e.g. Manure (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
ii.	Is agricultural source material stored or handled on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (ii) provide volume:		

III.	Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
iv.	Is non-agricultural source material stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (iv) provide volume:		
V.	Is commercial fertilizer applied to property?	□ Yes	□ No
vi.	Is commercial fertilizer stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (vi) provide volume:		
vii.	Is pesticide applied to property?	□ Yes	□ No
viii.	Is pesticide stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (viii) provide volume:		
ix.	Is fuel stored on the property?	□ Yes	П По
	If yes to (ix) provide volume:		
X.	Is the land used for livestock grazing, pasturing, outdoor confinement or animal yard?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (x) provide the number and type of livestock:		
xi.	Are dense non-aqueous phase liquids stored on property? e.g. Cleaning/degreasing solvents, paints, water repellants, pesticides, degreasers for metals, etc. (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (xi) provide volume:		
xii.	Are organic solvents stored on property? e.g. Acetone, ethanol, toluene. (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (xii) provide volume:		
Comm	nercial Property		
i.	Is pesticide applied to property?	□ Yes	□ No
ii.	Is pesticide stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (ii) provide volume:		
iii.	Is road salt applied to property?	□ Yes	□ No
iv.	Is road salt stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (iv) provide volume:		
٧.	Is fuel stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (v) provide volume:		
vi.	Are dense non-aqueous phase liquids stored on property? e.g. Dry cleaning, cleaning/degreasing solvents, paints, rug cleaning fluids, paint strippers/removers, lacquers, adhesives, oils, waxes, etc. (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (vi) provide volume:		
vii.	Are organic solvents stored on property? e.g. By-product during addition of chlorine to drinking water and wastewater disinfection. (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
It	f yes to (vii) provide volume:		

viii.	Are hazardous chemicals or waste deposited, disposed of, handled, stored, transferred, treated or processed on the property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (viii) provide more detail:		
Indust	rial Property		
i.	Is pesticide applied to property?	□ Yes	□ No
ii.	Is pesticide stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (ii) provide volume:		
iii.	Is road salt applied to property?	□ Yes	□ No
iv.	Is road salt stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (iv) provide volume:		
٧.	Is fuel stored on property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (v) provide volume:		
vi.	Are dense non-aqueous phase liquids stored on property? e.g. Asphalt operations, coal tar processes. (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (vi) provide volume:		
vii.	Are organic solvents stored on property? e.g. Pulp and paper mills, chemical manufacturing plants and waste incinerators, etc. (See Appendix A)	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (vii) provide volume:		
viii.	Are hazardous chemicals or waste deposited, disposed of, handled, stored, transferred, treated or processed on the property?	□ Yes	□ No
	If yes to (viii) provide more detail:		

## Part B: Supporting Technical Requirements

We will require only the following information identified as "Required" to further define the particular activity(ies) of interest and/or identify appropriate mitigation measures in order to complete our evaluation and render a decision. Information requirements are to be determined by Risk Management Official staff during preconsultation and/or following submission of Standard Application Criteria (Part A). If supporting technical requirements and/or mitigation measures are not required, the application has been deemed complete and submission of the following items will not be necessary.

			KRCA C	Office Use
		Checklist	Required	Submitted
1.	Approvals under other legislation (Prescribed Instrument)			
2.	Prescribed Instrument Conformity Statement			
3.	Detailed work schedule, including proposed timing works, phasing of construction, and equipment and materials needed on site to conduct works			
4.	Risk Management Plan (S. 58)      Description of activity     Threat identification and analysis			
	<ul><li>Mitigation measures</li><li>Schedule for implementation</li></ul>			
5.	Risk Assessment			

	<ul> <li>Terms of Reference</li> <li>Threat Identification</li> <li>Improvement in Base Information</li> <li>Modelling</li> <li>Vulnerable Area/Threat Assessment</li> </ul>		
6.	Other		

## Appendix A

## **DENSE NON-AQUEOUS PHASE LIQUID**

A dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL) is a liquid that is denser than water and has a minimal solubility in water. These substances are of special concern because of their ability to sink to the bottom of an aquifer. Both the handling and storage of DNAPLs are prescribed drinking water threats. The circumstances considered to determine if these activities are significant drinking water threats are the location of the handling or storage in relation to grade and the potential for a spill of the DNAPL to result in the presence of any of the following substances in groundwater or surface water:

- TCE (trichloroethylene) Metal degreasing, dry cleaning, paint remover, adhesives, rug cleaning
- PCE (perchloroethylene) Dry cleaning, metal cleaning, intermediate in manufacturing process
- 1,4-Dioxane Automotive coolant, varnishes, lacquers, adhesives, degreasing solvent, solvent stabilizer
- PAH (polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons) Pharmaceuticals, creosote wood preservatives, dyes, asphalt products
- Vinyl Chloride PVC pipes, wire coating, vehicle upholstery, plastic kitchen ware

For intake protection zones, these activities are or would be significant drinking water threats where the handling or storage takes place at or above grade; for wellhead protection areas, they are significant drinking water threats regardless of their location in relation to grade. There is no minimum quantity of DNAPL that would result in a significant drinking water threat. However, for practical reasons, DNAPLs present in very small quantities (e.g., household cosmetics) were not considered significant drinking water threats.

### **ORGANIC SOLVENT**

Organic solvents are substances that dissolve or disperse other organic substances. The majority of organic solvents are used in industrial and commercial applications; however, these chemicals can also be found in small quantities in common household products such as paints, adhesives, degreasers, and cleaning agents. The storage of an organic solvent is an activity prescribed to be a drinking water threat by the Clean Water Act, 2006. The circumstances that are considered to determine if the activity is a significant drinking water threat are the volume of stored solvent, the location of the stored solvent in relation to grade, and the potential for a spill of the solvent to result in the presence of any of the following substances in groundwater or surface water:

- Carbon Tetrachloride Fats, oils, laquers, varnishes, waxes, resins, seed oil, manufacturing processes
- Chloroform Pharmaceuticals, fats, oils, rubber, resins
- Dichloromethane (also known as methylene chloride) Paint stripper, metal cleaning, pharmaceuticals, aerosols
- Pentachlorophenol Pesticide, disinfectant, wood preservative

#### AGRICULTURAL SOURCE MATERIAL

Agricultural source materials (ASM) include a variety of materials that may be sources of nutrients or pathogens. The Chapter 4: Policies Trent Source Protection Plan 54 Clean Water Act, 2006 applies the definition given in the General Regulation made under the Nutrient Management Act, which defines agricultural source materials as the following:

- Manure produced by farm animals, including bedding materials;
- Runoff from farm-animal yards and manure storages;
- Wash water that has not been mixed with human body waste;
- Organic materials produced by intermediate operations that process the above materials (e.g., mushroom compost);
- Anaerobic digestion output that does not include sewage biosolids or human body waste; and
- Regulated compost that is derived from compost containing dead farm animals.

Both the application and the storage of ASM are prescribed drinking water threats. The circumstances that make these activities significant threats are described separately for each activity below.

### NON-AGRICULTURAL SOURCE MATERIAL

Non-agricultural source materials (NASM) include a variety of materials that may be sources of nutrients or pathogens. The Clean Water Act applies the definition given in the General Regulation made under the Nutrient Management Act (Ontario Regulation 267/03). The Nutrient Management Act identifies the following materials that are intended to be applied to land as nutrients, but that are not necessarily produced on a farm:

- Pulp and paper biosolids;
- Sewage biosolids;
- Anaerobic digestion output where less than 50% of the total material is on-farm anaerobic digestion materials (anaerobic digestion is a process used to decompose organic matter by bacteria in an oxygen-limited environment); and
- Any other material that is not from an agricultural source and that is capable of being applied to land as a nutrient (such as materials from dairy product or animal food manufacturing).

Both the application and storage of NASM are prescribed drinking water threats.